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ABSTRACT of ſeveral Acts of Parliament, now in Force, which were made for preventing His Majeſty's Subjects from Trading to the Eaſt-Indies, under Foreign Commiſſions; and from being intereſted or concerned in any Foreign Eaſt-India Company to be erected.

BY the following Acts of Parliament now in Force, and which were made, for preventing His Majeſty's Subjects from Trading to the Eaſt-Indies under Foreign Commiſſions; and from being intereſted, or concerned, in any Foreign Eaſt-India Company, to be erected; it is enacted as follows, *viz.*

5th Geo. I. *Cap.* 21.] By an Act paſſed in the 5th Year of His late Majeſty King George the Firſt, all His Majeſty's Subjects, except thoſe Licenſed by the Eaſt-India Company, are prohibited from going to the Eaſt-Indies.—And to the End ſuch Offenders may be brought to Juſtice, the Eaſt-India Company are empowered to arreſt, and ſeize, ſuch Offenders in the Eaſt-Indies, and to ſend them to England, there to anſwer for the ſaid Offence; And every Britiſh Subject, who ſhall procure, ſollicit for, obtain, or act under, any Commiſſion, Authority, or Paſs, from any Foreign Prince, or State, to ſail, or go, or trade, in, or to the Eaſt-Indies, incurs, and forfeits, for every ſuch Offence, 500*l.*

7th Geo. I. *Cap.* 21.] By another Act paſſed in the 7th Year of His late Majeſty King George the Firſt, every Subject of His Majeſty, who ſhall go to, or ſhall Trade, or Adventure into, or from, the Eaſt-Indies, (contrary to the Laws in being,) and ſhall be convicted thereof, in any of His Majeſty's Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, is to pay, and ſuffer ſuch Fine, and Impriſonment, as the Court ſhall think fit.

And all the Goods, and Merchandize, that ſhall be bartered or traffick'd for, in the Eaſt-Indies or purchaſed there, by any ſuch Offenders, or that ſhall be found in his Cuſtody, or in the Cuſtody of any other Perſon, by his Order, or Procurement, are declared to be forfeited, with double the Value thereof.

9th Geo. I. *Cap.* 26.] By an Act paſſed in the 9th Year of His late Majeſty King George the Firſt, all His Majeſty's Subjects are prohibited from ſubſcribing, contributing to, encouraging, or promoting, the raiſing, eſtabliſhing, or carrying on, any Foreign Company, from, and after, the 24th Day of June, 1723, to be raiſed, formed, or erected, for Trading to the Eaſt-Indies, and from being intereſted in, or intitled to, any Share in the Stock, or Capital, of ſuch Foreign Company, under Forfeiture of all his, her, or their Intereſt, in the Capital, Principal, Stock, or Actions, of any ſuch Foreign Company, together with Treble the Value thereof.

And the Attorney-General is empowered to exhibit Bills of Complaint in the Court of Chancery, or Court of Exchequer, againſt ſuch Offenders, for the Diſcovery of ſuch Offence; which Diſcovery ſuch Offenders are obliged to make on the Attorney-General's waving in ſuch Bill, the ſaid Forfeiture of the Treble Value, and inſiſting only on the Single Value thereof; And in ſuch Caſe, the Single Value is to be decreed to be paid by ſuch Offender.

And that every Subject of His Majeſty accepting of any Truſt, or knowing of any Intereſt, Share, Part, Proportion, or Concern, which any other of His Majeſty's Subjects ſhall have, or be intitled to, in any ſuch Foreign Company; and who ſhall not, within Six Months, next after the Accepting ſuch Truſt, or coming to the Knowledge of ſuch Intereſt, Share, Proportion, or Concern, as aforeſaid, truly diſcover the ſame in Writing to the Eaſt-India Company, or their Court of Directors, ſhall forfeit Treble the Value of the Intereſt ſo accepted in Truſt, or ſo known and not diſcovered, as aforeſaid; and any Perſon making ſuch Diſcovery, is intitled to a Moiety of the Forfeiture.

And all His Majeſty's Subjects, (other than ſuch as are lawfully authorized thereunto,) going to, or found in the Eaſt-Indies, are declared guilty of a High Crime, and Miſdemeanor, and are made liable to Corporal Puniſhment, Impriſonment, or Fine, for the ſame, at the Diſcretion of ſuch of His Majeſty's Courts of Record at Weſtminſter, where the Proſecution for ſuch Offence ſhall be commenced.

And every Perſon ſo offending may be ſeized, and brought to England, and committed to Goal there, by any one of His Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, until ſufficient Security be given by Natural-born Subjects or Denizens, to appear in the Court, where ſuch Proſecution ſhall be commenced, to anſwer the ſame, and not depart without Leave of the Court.

3d Geo. II. *Cap.* 14.] By an Act paſſed in the 3d Year of His preſent Majeſty, it is Enacted, That if any of His Majeſty's Subjects (other than the Eaſt-India Company, and thoſe licenſed by them) ſhall directly, or indirectly, go to, trade, or adventure into, or from, the Eaſt-Indies, every ſuch Offender ſhall incur the Forfeiture, and Loſs, of all the Ships, and Veſſels, employed in ſuch Voyage, Trade, or Adventure; and alſo all the Goods laden thereupon, or that were ſent to, acquired, traded, or adventured, within the Eaſt-Indies, and all the Proceed, and Effects, of the ſame, and Double the Value thereof.

Tripoly,

1917

Tripoly, Aug. 2. On Sunday laſt, the 30th of July, about Nine o'Clock at Night, we were alarmed with the Report of a Muſket, which in this Place is the undoubted Signal of Rebellion; and, after paſſing the Night in great Uneaſineſs, we found next Morning that the Rais, or Captains of our Cruizers, attended with about 400 of their Countrymen (Albaneſi,) and headed by the Vice Admiral, had taken up Arms, with Intent to cut off the Baſhaw, the Shag, the Captain of the Port, and ſome other great People who were obnoxious to them. They began their Operations in a Coffee-Houſe where they uſually met in the Evening, (as is the Cuſtom of theſe People in the Moon of Ramadan) by placing the Vice Admiral on a Carpet, kiſſing his Hand, and ſwearing Allegiance to him, as Baſhaw; after which he detached three Parties from his Main Body, the firſt to the Coffee-Houſe, where he knew the Shag or Lord Mayor, and the Prime Miniſter, &c. were, who inſtantly aſſaſſinated the Prime Miniſter, together with Sidi Stancoli, firſt Scrivan to the Baſhaw, Sidi Benatriman, a conſiderable Merchant, and an under Scrivan; the ſecond ſeized the Arms that were in the Guard Room, as the Town Guard were then taking their Rounds; and the third attacked the Captain of the Port, who by his Office is obliged to ſleep in a Lodge adjoining to the Marine Gate: Here however they were moſt valiantly repulſed, and met a Reward due to their Inſolence; the Captain of the Port, with only four Attendants, bravely defending himſelf againſt their Efforts to burſt open the Gates; and, after he had killed ſix of them, they thought proper to Retreat. In the mean Time that the different Parties were thus employed, the Vice Admiral, and the reſt of the Rebels, went to all the different Barracks, or Funducks, where the Levant Turks (Soldiers) are quartered, and ſtrenuouſly ſollicited them to joyn him; but as neither his magnificent Promiſes, nor his artful Perſuaſions, had the leaſt Effect upon them, and having Information at the ſame Time that the Baſhaw was alarmed, and had ſent a conſiderable Body againſt them, they plainly perceived that their Caſe was deſperate, and began to ſet about making their Retreat; in order to which, they got Poſſeſſion of a Caſtle ſituate at the N. W. End of the Town, and which commanded the Marine, as well as the Beſhaw's Caſtle, from which latter the Baſhaw kept playing all the great Guns they could bring to bear, while their Commanders were Scaling the Walls to eſcape by Sea.

As nigh as we can learn, about 200 of them, with the Vice Admiral, got off in Boats, and ſeized upon an Engliſh Ship loaden with Salt, bound for Venice, with five Men on board, whom they ſent on Shore, as ſoon as they thought themſelves out of Danger; they alſo ſeized a Row Boat that was ready to go out upon a Cruize.

Advice of this has been ſent by the Baſhaw's Order to Malta, to induce the Grand Maſter to ſend ſome Ships after them, which it is hoped he will do, otherwiſe we may expect to have very tragical Accounts of their Barbarity to all who ſhall be ſo unhappy as to fall in their Way, particularly the French, againſt whom they have long ſwore the moſt cruel Revenge; and the late Renewal of Peace has, if poſſible, increaſed their Hatred to that Nation. We have great Reaſon to believe, that they intend to proceed to Durazzo their own Country, whenever they can get Proviſions and Ammunition; for when they departed from hence, they had no more Powder than what each Man had about him for his Small Arms, and no Shot for Great Guns were on Board; ſo that they are at preſent deſtitute of almoſt every Neceſſary, either for Support or Defence. We imagine they will keep in the Channel of Malta, in order to way-lay and plunder what Ships they fall in with, and by that Means get a Supply.

Rome, Sept. 2. The Pope has diſpoſed of an Abbey of about the yearly Value of 2000 Crowns, vacant in the Novarois by the Death of the late Cardinal Spinola, in Favour of a Nephew of M. Millo, the Apoſtolical Datary. On Saturday laſt Cardinal Caraffa ſet out for Tivoli, by the Advice of his Phyſicians, for the Benefit of his Health. The Duke de Palombara, Governor of the Caſtle of St. Angelo, died here Yeſterday in a very advanced Age, and will be ſucceeded in that Employment by the Chevalier de Buſſy, Commander of the Pope's Gallies.

Florence, Sept. 2. We are informed by Letters received this Poſt from Leghorn, that the Troubles are again renewed in the Iſland of Corſica, where ſeveral Skirmiſhes have already happened between the Genoeſe and the Malecontents, wherein the former have for the moſt Part had the Advantage.

Genoa, Sept. 9. On the 3d Inſtant arrived the Dutcheſs of Parma: Her Highneſs was ſaluted with 42 Pieces of Cannon, and, in the Afternoon, was complimented on the Behalf of this Government by ſix Gentlemen and ſix Ladies; a grand Ball was given on the Occaſion the next Night, where ſhe ſtaid about an Hour, and from thence went on Board the French Gallies, which arrived here ſome Days before, and departed directly for Antibes. On Tueſday laſt ſix French Men of War arrived at Porto Spezia from Tripoli and Tunis, and Yeſterday they paſt in Sight of this Port, in their Way to Toulon.

Copenhagen, Sept. 12. A Royal Edict has been lately publiſhed here, forbidding, till farther Order, the Exportation of Planks, Boards, or any Kind of Timber, from that Part of Norway called Nordland. This is a Diſtrict of very great Extent, lying between Drontheim and Lapland, uncultivated, and almoſt uninhabited. It formerly produced Plenty of Firs, but it has afforded but little Timber of late, which has occaſioned the preſent Edict to favour and recover the Woods in thoſe Parts. The Order of the Elephant, which Baron Juel is gone with to the King of Sweden, is in Return for the Seraphin Order which Count Lieven lately brought to the King of Denmark.

Gohrde, Sept. 13. The King, God be praiſed, is in perfect Health. Several Regiments of Horſe and Foot have paſſed in Review before his Majeſty for three Mornings ſucceſſively. They all made the fineſt Appearance imaginable, and performed their Exerciſes entirely to his Majeſty's Satisfaction.

Bruſſels, Sept. 18. The Deputies of Aloſt, who have been ſome Time ſolliciting for Leave to dig a new Canal from their Town to Dendermond, have at Length obtained the Conſent of this Court to begin that Work. Laſt Saturday the Marqueſs de Botta reviewed a large Body of Recruits, who are juſt arrived here from Germany, to compleat the Regiment of Cuiraſſiers of Benthem.

Hague,

Hague, Sept. 21. This Morning arrived a Courier from Dieren, by whom we learn, that no Time is as yet fixed for her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Governante's Return to this Place. The Barons Boetzelaer and Burmania, who went ſome Time ago to ſettle the Taxes and viſit the Fortifications and Magazines in the Diſtrict of the Meuſe, returned here from thence a few Days ago.

London, Sept. 28, 1752.

A General Court of the Company of Proprietors of the Undertaking for Recovering and Preſerving the Navigation of the River DEE, will be held at their Office in White Hart Court in Lombard ſtreet, on Friday the 13th Day of October next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, it being an Half Yearly General Court, and for Electing a Chairman and Committeemen for the Year enſuing; of which all concerned are deſired to take Notice.

By Order of the Committee,
James Blackwell, *Secretary.*

Navy Office, Sept. 29, 1752.

The Right Hon. the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Treaſury having appointed Money for paying Half Pay to Sea Officers, from the 31ſt of December 1751, to the 30th of June 1752, according to his Majeſty's Eſtabliſhment on that Behalf;

Theſe are to give Notice, that the ſaid Payment will begin to be made at the Treaſurer of the Navy's Office in Broad Street, on Monday the 16th of next Month, at Eight o'Clock in the Morning, and continued the following Day, beginning at the ſame Hour; That all Perſons may then and there attend to receive what may become payable unto them, and not only bring with them the Affidavit required touching their not having enjoyed the Benefit of any publick Employment, either at Sea or on Shore, during the Time they are to be paid the ſaid Half Pay, but alſo produce Certificates that they have ſubſcribed to the Teſt, and taken the Oaths required by Act of Parliament to his preſent Majeſty. And in Caſe any of the ſaid Sea Officers ſhall not be able to attend themſelves to receive their Money, but employ Attorneys for that Purpoſe, that the ſaid Attorneys may produce the like Certificates and Affidavits from the Perſons they are employed by.

East-India-Houſe, Aug. 12, 1752.

The Court of Directors of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the Eaſt-Indies give Notice, That they will, on Monday the 2d of October next, begin to pay the Intereſt on all ſuch of their Bonds as carry Intereſt to the 30th of September 1752: But whereas by the late Act of Parliament for correcting the Callender, the Month of September, in this preſent Year, is to contain only Nineteen Days, the ſaid Court do think it neceſſary to give this further Notice, That inſtead of Six Months Intereſt as uſual, there will be due on the ſaid Bonds from the 31ſt of March 1752, to the 30th of September next only Five Months and Nineteen Days Intereſt, which will begin to be paid on Monday the 2d of October next accordingly.

Mercers Hall, Sept. 26, 1752.

The Preſident, Vice-Preſident, and Council, of the Society of the Free Britiſh Fiſhery, do hereby give Notice, That a General Court will be held, at this Place, on Wedneſday the 25th of next October, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, to fill up the three declared Reſignations, in the Council, and to eſtabliſh and confirm the Bye-Laws.

By Order of the Council,
John Lockman, *Secretary.*

Mercers-Hall, London, Sept. 22, 1752.

The Wardens and Commonalty of the Myſtery of Mercers of the City of London do hereby give Notice, That on Tueſday the 10th Day of October next, they will pay the half Year's Annuities that will be then due to the ſaid Company's Annuitants: And alſo the half Year's Intereſt that will be due on the ſaid 10th Day of October next, upon ſo much as remains due upon the Notes or Certificates given by the ſaid Company, for the Arrears due to their Annuitants at Michaelmas 1750. And that they will, at the ſame Time, pay 10l. per Cent. upon the Principal Money now remaining due upon the ſaid Notes or Certificates; and that all Intereſt for the ſaid 10l. per Cent. is to ceaſe from the ſaid 10th Day of October next.

And that Attendance will, for that Purpoſe, be given at the Clerk's Office at Mercers-Hall in London, on Tueſday, Wedneſday and Thurſday, the 10th, 11th and 12th of October next, from Nine in the Morning till One; and upon every Tueſday, Wedneſday and Thurſday at the ſame Hours, Holydays excepted. And ſuch Perſons who are ſick, or cannot attend themſelves, muſt authoriſe ſome other Perſon by Letter of Attorney, to receive the ſame, unleſs they have already given ſuch Authority. And ſuch Letter of Attorney is to be witneſſed by the Miniſter and Church-Wardens of the Pariſh where the Annuitant is Reſident, or by one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, and one other Perſon.

Charles Crumpe, *Clerk.*

Mercers Hall, London, Sept. 29, 1752.

The Wardens and Commonalty of the Myſtery of Mercers of the City of London, in Purſuance of an Act of Parliament made in the 21ſt Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, do hereby deſire their ſeveral Annuitants, or any Perſon duly authoriſed by any Writing under their Hands, to meet at Mercers Hall in London, on Wedneſday the 1ſt Day of November next, being the firſt Wedneſday in that Month, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, to nominate and appoint Nine or more Perſons to audit and examine the Accounts of the Receipts and Payments by the ſaid Act directed to be audited and examined.

Charles Crumpe, *Clerk.*

This is to give Notice, That the next General Meeting of the Corporation of the Governors and Guardians of the Hoſpital for the Maintenance and Education of Expoſed and Deſerted Young Children, appointed by His Majeſty's Royal Charter, will be held on Wedneſday the 4th of October 1752, being the firſt Wedneſday after Michaelmas, at the ſaid Hoſpital in Lamb's Conduit Fields, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon; when all the Governors and Guardians are deſired to be preſent; of which Meeting this Notice is given, purſuant to the Directions of the Act of Parliament.

Harman Vereſt, *Secretary.*

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ARE faithfully prepared only by JAMES INGLISH, Son of DAVID INGLISH, deceaſed, at the Unicorn, over-againſt the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are deſired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes ſealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mullets Argent, Dr. Anderſon's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Iſabella Engliſh underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Uſe in all Caſes where Purging is neceſſary, and may be taken with Epſom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

Sept. 30, 1752.

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